BETAGAUGE 301
Reference Manual
BETAGauge 301
Reference Manual

1. Introduction ...................................................... 1
   1.1 Contacting Martel / Beta ................................. 1
   1.2 Standard Equipment .................................... 1
   1.3 Safety Information .................................... 1

2. Calibrator Interface ........................................... 3
   2.1 Calibrator Display .................................... 5
   2.2 Using the Backlight .................................. 8
   2.3 Using the Zero Function .............................. 8
   2.4 Other Menu Controlled Functions ...................... 8

3. Measuring Pressure ............................................. 11
   3.1 Media Compatibility .................................. 11
   3.2 Measuring Pressure with External Modules ............ 11

4. Measuring Current ............................................. 12

5. Measuring Voltage ............................................... 13

6. Performing a Pressure Switch Test ......................... 14

7. Calibrating Transmitters ..................................... 16
   7.1 Using the mA Input Function ......................... 16
   7.2 Calibrating a Pressure-to-Current Transmitter ....... 17
   7.3 Percent Error Function .............................. 18

8. Minimum and Maximum Storage Capacity ..................... 20

9. Factory Setups .................................................. 21

10. Remote Operation .............................................. 22
    10.1 Remote Interface .................................... 22
    10.2 Setting up the RS-232 Port for Remote Control ....... 22
    10.3 Changing Between Remote and Local Operation ....... 23
    10.4 Using Commands ..................................... 23
    10.5 Remote Commands and Error Codes ................... 26
    10.6 Entering Commands .................................. 28

11. Specifications .................................................. 33

12. Warranty ....................................................... 34

13. Maintenance ................................................... 34
    13.1 Replacing Batteries .................................. 34
    13.2 Cleaning the Unit .................................... 34
    13.3 Service Center Calibration or Repair ................. 34
1. Introduction

The Beta 301 is designed to be a simple to use yet very versatile pressure calibrator. Its internal pressure sensor combined with inputs for mA, voltage and switch contacts allow the 301 to calibrate a variety of pressure devices. An external pressure module option allows an even wider range of pressure calibration options including absolute and differential.

1.1 Customer Service

Corporate Office:
www.martelcorp.com
e-mail: sales@martelcorp.com
Tel: (603) 434-1433  800-821-0023    Fax: (603) 434-1653
Martel Electronics
3 Corporate Park Drive
Derry, NH 03038

1.2 Standard Equipment

Check to see if your calibrator is complete. It should include: Beta 301 Calibrator, instruction manual, test leads, carrying case, calibration certificate with data.

1.3 Safety information

Symbols Used

The following table lists the International Electrical Symbols. Some or all of these symbols may be used on the instrument or in this manual.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>⚡️</td>
<td>AC (Alternating Current)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⚡️</td>
<td>AC-DC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🌟</td>
<td>Battery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☀️</td>
<td>CE Complies with European Union Directives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☀️</td>
<td>DC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🌡️</td>
<td>Double Insulated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🚨</td>
<td>Electric Shock</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following definitions apply to the terms “Warning” and “Caution”.
• “Warning” identifies conditions and actions that may pose hazards to the user.
• “Caution” identifies conditions and actions that may damage the instrument being used.

Use the calibrator only as specified in this manual, otherwise injury and damage to the calibrator may occur.

⚠️ Warning
To avoid possible electric shock or personal injury:
• Do not apply more than the rated voltage. See specifications for supported ranges.
• Follow all equipment safety procedures.
• Never touch the probe to a voltage source when the test leads are plugged into the current terminals.
• Do not use the calibrator if it is damaged. Before you use the calibrator, inspect the case. Look for cracks or missing plastic. Pay particular attention to the insulation surrounding the connectors.
• Select the proper function and range for your measurement.
• Make sure the battery cover is closed and latched before you operate the calibrator.
• Remove test leads from the calibrator before you open the battery door.
• Inspect the test leads for damaged insulation or exposed metal. Check test leads continuity. Replace damaged test leads before you use the calibrator.
• When using the probes, keep your fingers away from the probe contacts. Keep your fingers behind the finger guards on the probes.
• Connect the common test lead before you connect the live test lead. When you disconnect test leads, disconnect the live test lead first.
• Do not use the calibrator if it operates abnormally. Protection may be impaired. When in doubt, have the calibrator serviced.
• Do not operate the calibrator around explosive gas, vapor, or dust.
• When measuring pressure, make sure the process pressure line is shut off and depressurized before you connect it or disconnect it from the pressure module.
• Disconnect test leads before changing to another measure or source function.
• When servicing the calibrator, use only specified replacement parts.
• To avoid false readings, which could lead to possible electric shock or personal injury, replace the battery as soon as the battery indicator appears.

⚠️ Caution

To avoid possible damage to calibrator or to equipment under test:
• Use the proper jacks, function, and range for your measurement or sourcing application.

2. Calibrator Interface

Figure 1 shows the location of the process measurement inputs, while table 1 describes their use.

Figure 1
Process Measurement Inputs
Table 1 Process Measurement Inputs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1, 2</td>
<td>Input Terminals</td>
<td>These terminals are used to measure current, voltage and a contact closure for switch test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>P1 Pressure Port</td>
<td>This is the connection for the internal sensor P1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Serial Interface</td>
<td>This is used to interface to optional external modules or optional serial control.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 2 shows the location of the keys. Table 2 describes the function of each key.

Table 2 Key Functions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Function Keys</td>
<td>These keys are used in various ways, primarily to configure the calibrator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>ON/OFF Key</td>
<td>This key is used to turn the calibrator on and off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>ZERO Key</td>
<td>This key is used to zero pressure measurements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Backlight Key</td>
<td>This key is used to turn the backlight on and off</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.1 Calibrator Display

The Calibrator Display consists of two regions: The menu bar (located along the bottom of the screen) is used to access a menu system. The main display (the rest) consists of up to three process measurement sub-regions. These sub-regions will henceforth be referred to as the UPPER, MIDDLE and LOWER displays. Figure 3 shows the location of the different display fields while table 3 describes them.

![Figure 3 Display](image)

Table 3 Display Functions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Primary Parameters</td>
<td>Indicates what is being measured.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Span Indicator</td>
<td>Indicates the percent of the 4 to 20 mA span. (For mA and mA Loop functions only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Pressure Units</td>
<td>Indicates one of 17 pressure units available for display.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Units</td>
<td>Indicates the unit of measure for the display.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.1.1 Main Menu Functionality

There are three options on the Main Menu, CONFIG, {current display} and MORE. The Main Menu is home for the menu display.

![CONFIG LOWER MORE](image)

2.1.1.1 Setting the Current Display

The current display is indicated by the center option on the Main Menu, pressing the F2 key will toggle the current display.

2.1.1.2 Setting Current Display Parameters

To set the parameters of the current display use the CONFIG option to get to the Display Configuration Menu.

![SELECT NEXT DONE](image)

Here the SELECT option will toggle through the choices for each parameter. The first parameter is MODE. Since voltage, current and switch test modes all use the same jacks, two of these functions cannot be used concurrently. The ability to select certain functions is limited based on what is already selected in another active display. The NEXT option is used to change to the second parameter. Only Pressure modes have a second parameter. Pressures can be read in 13 engineering units.
With a single display the following modes are available:
P[1] = Pressure on left side sensor.
[EXT] = Pressure with external pressure module.
P[1] ST = Switch Test with left side sensor.
[EXT] ST = Switch Test with external pressure module.
mA = Milliamps measure without loop power.
mA LOOP = Milliamps measure with loop power.
VOLTS = Voltage Measure.

The following table shows which functions are available concurrently.  
An X in a column indicates that the mode in the current display will not be available for selection if the mode in that row is in use in any other active display.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OTHER DISPLAYS</th>
<th>CURRENT DISPLAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P[1]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[EXT]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P[1] ST</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[EXT] ST</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mA</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mA Loop</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volts</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.1.1.3 Accessing Other Menus
Use the MORE option on the Main Menu to access the other menu functions.
2.2 Using the Backlight
The backlight is controlled by the dedicated backlight key. It toggles on and off when the key is pressed; this is one of the few functions that cannot be controlled by the serial interface.

2.3 Using the Zero Function
When the ZERO_KEY is pressed, the calibrator will zero the current display if a pressure mode is selected, and the pressure is within the zero limit.

2.3.1 Internal Sensor and Pressure Module (non-absolute)
When a sensor or module is selected on the current display and the ZERO_KEY is pressed the calibrator subtracts the current reading from the output.

2.3.2 Absolute Pressure Module
When an absolute pressure module is selected on the current display and the ZERO_KEY is pressed the calibrator prompts the user to enter the barometric reference pressure. This is done using the arrow keys (F2 and F3 Keys).

2.4 Other Menu Controlled Functions
There are eight ‘sub-main’ menus that can be accessed through the MORE option of the Main Menu. A ‘sub-main’ menu contains three options. The first option is unique to the function. The second and third options of a ‘sub-main’ menu are always the same. The NEXT option leads to the next ‘sub-main’ menu and the DONE option returns home. For the last ‘sub-main’ menu the NEXT option wraps around to home. See Figure 4 for a detailed mapping of the menu structure.

A note on naming convention:
If a ‘sub-main’ menu has subordinate menus, it will henceforth be referred to as {function} Main Menu. E.g. the display contrast sub-main menu will be called the Contrast Main Menu. If not it will be called the {function} menu.

2.4.1 Setting the Contrast
From the Contrast Main Menu choose the CONTRAST option to access the Contrast Adjustment Menu.

Use the arrow keys to adjust the display contrast to the desired level and then use the CONTRAST DONE option to return home.
2.4.2 Locking and Unlocking Configurations

Use the LOCK CFG or UNLOCK CFG option of the Configuration Lock Menu to lock or unlock the display configuration.

| LOCK CFG | NEXT | DONE |

When the LOCK CFG option is chosen the menu display returns home and the CONFIG option on the Main Menu indicates that it is locked. Also all menus are locked out with the exception of the Contrast Adjustment menus and the Configuration Lock Menu. When the UNLOCK CFG option is chosen the configuration is unlocked and the menu display continues to the next sub-main menu.

2.4.3 Saving and Recalling Setups

The calibrator will automatically save the current set-up for recall at power-up. Additionally 5 set-ups can be accessed through the SETUPS menu. Select the SETUPS option from the Setups Main Menu.

| SETUPS | NEXT | DONE |

Choose SAVE to save a set-up, RECALL to recall the set-up, or DONE to do nothing and return home.

| SAVE | RECALL | DONE |

If SAVE or RECALL is selected use the arrow keys to select the set-up location. Then use the save option to store the current set-up into the selected location or the recall option to recall the set-up stored in the selected location. The display menu will automatically go home.

| SAVE SETUP 1 | ↑ | ↓ |

| RCL SETUP 1 | ↑ | ↓ |

2.4.4 Setting AutoShut-off Parameters

The calibrator can be set to automatically shut-off after a selected number of minutes; this function can also be disabled. To set the auto shut off parameters select the AUTO OFF option on the Auto Shut Off Main Menu.

| AUTO OFF | NEXT | DONE |
Use the arrow keys to select the number of minutes before the calibrator turns off or disable auto shut-off by scrolling all the way down.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AUTO SHUTDOWN</th>
<th>ON</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AUTO OFF DONE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Use the AUTO OFF DONE option to set the parameters and return home. The auto shut off time is reset whenever a key is pressed.

2.4.5 Activating and Deactivating a Display

Use the DISPLAY option on the Display Selection Main Menu to access the Display Activation Menu.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DISPLAY</th>
<th>NEXT</th>
<th>DONE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

The {function} option can be used to select which display to act upon. The ON/OFF option turns the selected display on or off. The selected display and current on/off state are displayed in the lower display.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MIDDLE</th>
<th>ON</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

| ON/OFF | MIDDLE | DONE |

Use the DONE option to save the changes and return home. When a display is deactivated its configuration is retained. When the display is activated its configuration is checked against the configurations of the other currently active displays, if the configurations are in conflict the recalled display's configuration is modified to avoid the conflict. If all three displays are deactivated the LOWER display will come on automatically.
3. Measuring Pressure

To measure pressure, connect the calibrator using an appropriate fitting. Choose a pressure setting for the display being used. The calibrator is equipped with one internal sensor and many optional external Pressure Modules are available. Be sure to choose the sensor based on working pressures and accuracy.

Figure 5

Use the (ZERO) key to zero the pressure sensor when vented to atmospheric pressure. Important NOTE: To ensure accuracy of the calibrator it is critical to zero the calibrator before a device is calibrated.

3.1 Media Compatibility

The calibrator utilizes a media isolated sensor to prevent sensor contamination. Whenever possible clean, dry air is the media of choice. If that is not always possible, make sure that the media is compatible with Nickel Plated Brass, Silicon, RTV, glass, and ceramic materials.

3.2 Measuring Pressure with External Modules

The calibrator provides a digital interface to External Pressure Modules. These modules are available in various ranges and types including gauge, vacuum, differential and absolute. The modules work seamlessly with the calibrator. Simply plug them into the interface and select [EXT] (external sensor). Since the interface between the calibrator and the module is digital all the accuracy and display resolution is derived from the module.
4. Measuring Current

To measure current use the input terminals in the front of the calibrator. Select the mA function on one of the displays. Current is measured in mA and percentage of range. The range on the calibrator is set to 0% at 4 mA and 100% at 20 mA.

For example:
If the current measured is displayed as 75% then the mA value is 16 mA.

![Figure 6](image)

![Figure 7](image)
5. Measuring Voltage

To measure voltage use the input terminals in the front of the calibrator. Select the Volts function on one of the displays. The calibrator can measure up to 30V.

![Figure 8](image_url)

Figure 8
6. Performing a Pressure Switch Test

To perform a switch test, follow these steps:

1. Change the setup to Setup 4 (default switch test).
   Setup 4: The upper display is set to [P1] ST, all other displays are off.
   Important NOTE: The pressure Switch Test can be performed with the following functions [P1] ST, or EXT ST.

2. Connect the calibrator to the switch using the pressure switch terminals. The polarity of the terminals does not matter. Then connect the pump to the calibrator and the pressure switch.

3. Make sure the vent on the pump is open. Zero the calibrator if necessary. Close the vent after zeroing the calibrator.

4. The top of the display will read “CLOSE”.

![Pressure switch under test](image-url)
5. Apply pressure with the pump slowly until the switch opens.
Important NOTE: In the switch test mode the display update rate is increased to help capture changing pressure inputs. Even with this enhanced sample rate pressurizing the device under test should be done slowly to ensure accurate readings.
6. Once the switch is open, “OPEN” will be displayed, bleed the pump slowly until the pressure switch closes.

7. At the top of the display it will now read, “SW OPENED AT” and give you the pressure that the switch opened at.

8. Press the “NEXT” option to view when the switch closed, and the dead band.
9. Press the “NEW TEST” option to clear the data and perform another test.
10. Press the “DONE” option to end the test and return to the standard pressure setting.

Example:

[P1] ST will return to [P1].

Important NOTE: The previous example uses a normally closed switch. The basic procedure is still the same for a normally open switch, the display will just read “OPEN” instead of “CLOSE”.

7. Calibrating Transmitters

7.1 Using the mA Input Function

The mA input function allows the user to read back the 4-20 mA output from the device being calibrated. This can be done in one of two ways.

1) Passively - Where the device under test directly generates 4-20 mA and can be read by the calibrator.

2) Actively – Where the calibrator supplies 24 VDC loop power to the device under test to power the device while reading the resulting 4-20 mA signal.
7.2 Calibrating a Pressure-to-Current Transmitter

To calibrate a pressure-to-current transmitter (P/I), perform the following steps:
1. Connect the calibrator and the pump to the transmitter.
2. Apply pressure with the pump.
3. Measure the current output of the transmitter.
4. Ensure the reading is correct. If not, adjust the transmitter as necessary.

Figure 11.
7.3 Percent Error Function

The calibrator features a unique function which can calculate pressure vs. milliamp error as a percentage of the 4 to 20 mA loop span. The percent error mode uses all 3 screens and has a unique menu structure. It simultaneously displays pressure, mA and percent error.

Example:

Suppose a pressure transmitter under test is 30 psi (2 Bar) Full Scale and outputs a corresponding 4 to 20 mA signal. The user can program in a 0 to 30 psi pressure span into the calibrator and the calibrator will calculate and display the deviation or % Error from the expected 4 to 20 mA output. This eliminates the need for manual calculations and also helps if it becomes difficult to set an exact pressure with an external pump.

To use the %ERROR function proceed as follows:

1. With the calibrator turned on and operating press the F3 key to activate the MORE menu option. Now press the F1 key to activate the %ERROR option.
2. Press the F1 key to select the CONFIG option.
3. The first option is setting the Port, use the select option to scroll through the port choices, when finished select the NEXT option.
4. LOOP POWER can be toggled on/off, select NEXT when done.

5. Use SELECT to toggle through the UNIT options, and select NEXT to move on.

6. Use the ↑ and ↓ arrows to set the 100% point of the desired pressure range, select DONE SET when finished.
7. Again, use the arrows to set 0% point and select DONE SET when finished and the %ERROR mode will be ready to use.

Note: The 0% and 100% point will be saved in non-volatile memory until they are changed again by the user for the internal sensors, and external pressure modules. When using an external module the 0% and 100% are set to low and full scale of the module until the user changes it, or if it was previously saved.

8. Minimum and Maximum Storage Capability

The 300 Series Pressure Calibrators have a min/max feature for capturing the minimum and maximum values of any displayed parameter.

The min/max function can be accessed by stepping through the menu options until “min/max” is shown on the display above the F1 key. At this time, pressing the F1 key will toggle the display through the min/max values that are stored in the min/max registers. These readings are live so that the new min/max values will be recorded while in this mode.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>[P1]</th>
<th>psi</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>¬0.003</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>mA</th>
<th>-25.00%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.000 mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To reset the min/max registers simply press the clear key. These registers are also cleared at power-up or when the configuration is changed.
9. Factory Setups

The Calibrator is loaded with five factory setups. These setups are shown below.

Setup 1: The upper display is set to [P1] mode and the middle is set to mA, lower is off.

Setup 2: The upper display is set to [EXT] mode and the middle is set to mA, lower is off.

Setup 3: The upper display is set to [P1] mode and the middle is set to [VOLTS] mode, lower is off.
Setup 4: The upper display is set to [P1], the lower display is set to [EXT].

Setup 5: The upper display is set to [P1], and the lower display is set to mA Loop.

10. Remote Operation

10.1 Remote Interface

The calibrator can be remotely controlled using a PC terminal, or by a computer program running the calibrator in an automated system. It uses an RS-232 serial port connection for remote operation. NOTE: To use the remote control option a custom RS-232 cable must be purchased from Martel (LEM232). To contact Martel refer to Section 1.1 of this manual. With this connection the user can write programs on a PC, with Windows languages like Visual Basic to operate the calibrator, or use a Windows terminal, such as Hyper Terminal, to enter single commands. Typical RS-232 remote configurations are shown in Figure 13.
Figure 13. Calibrator-to-Computer Connection

10.2 Setting up the RS-232 Port for Remote Control

Note: The RS-232 connection cable should not exceed 15m unless the load capacitance measured at connection points is less than 2500pF.

Serial parameter values:
- 9600 baud
- 8 data bits
- 1 stop bit
- no parity
- Xon/Xoff
- EOL (End of Line) character or CR (Carriage Return) or both

To set up remote operation of the calibrator on the Windows Hyper Terminal, connected to a COM port on the PC as in Figure 23, use the following procedure:
1. Start Hyper Terminal (located in Accessories/Communications of the Windows Start menu)
2. Select New Connection.
3. For Name enter Beta 301. Select the serial port that the calibrator is connected to.
4. Enter the above information for port settings.
5. Select ASCII setup from File/Properties/Settings and mark these choices:
   - Echo typed characters locally
   - Wrap lines that exceed terminal width
6. Select Ok
7. To see if the port works enter *IDN?. This command will return information on the calibrator.
10.3 Changing Between Remote and Local Operation

There are three modes of operation of the calibrator, Local, Remote, and Remote with Lockout. Local mode is the default mode. Commands may be entered using the keypad on the calibrator or using a computer. In Remote mode the keypad is disabled, and commands may only be entered using a computer, but choosing [GO TO LOCAL] from the menu on the calibrator display will restore keypad operation. In Remote with Lockout, the keypad can not be used at all. To switch modes proceed as follows:

1. To enable Remote mode, type in the serial command REMOTE at the computer terminal.
2. To enable Remote with Lockout, type in “REMOTE LOCKOUT” in either order.
3. To switch back to local operation enter LOCAL at the terminal. This command also turns off LOCKOUT if it was on. For more information on commands refer to the Remote Commands section.

10.4 Using Commands

10.4.1 Command types

Refer to the Section 10.5 on Remote Commands for all available commands.

The calibrator may be controlled using commands and queries. All commands may be entered using upper or lower case. The commands are divided into the following categories:

Calibrator Commands

Only the calibrator uses these commands. For example

```
VAL?
```

asks for the values displayed on the calibrator display.

Common Commands

Standard commands used by most devices. These commands always begin with an “*”. For example

```
*IDN?
```

tells the calibrator to return its identification.

Query Commands

Commands that ask for information, they always end with a “?”. For example:

```
FUNC?
```

Returns the current modes of the calibrator displays.

Compound Commands

Commands that contain more than one command on one line. For example;

```
PRES_UNIT LOWER, PSI, PRES_UNIT?
```

Sets the pressure units to PSI and queries it to verify. It will return:

```
PSI, PSI, PSI
```
10.4.2 Character Processing
The data entered into the calibrator is processed as follows:
• ASCII characters are discarded if their decimal equivalent is less than 32 (space), except 10 (LF) and 13 (CR):
• Data is taken as 7-bit ASCII
• The most significant data bit is ignored.
• Upper or lower case is acceptable.

10.4.3 Response Data Types
The data returned by the calibrator can be divided into four types:

Integer
For most computers and controllers they are decimal numbers ranging from -32768 to 32768. For example:

```
FAULT? could return 110
```
Refer to the Error Codes table (Table 8) for more information on error codes.

Floating
Floating numbers have up to 15 significant figures and exponents. For example:

```
ZERO_MEAS  returns 1.210000E-2, PSI
```

Character Response Data (CRD)
Data returned as keywords. For example:

```
PRES_UNIT? returns PSI, NONE, NONE
```

Indefinite ASCII (IAD)
Any ASCII characters followed by a terminator. For example:

```
*IDN? returns BETA, 301, 250, 1.00
```

10.4.4 Calibrator Status
Error Queue
If an error occurs due to invalid input or buffer overflow, its error code is sent to the error queue. The error code can be read from the queue with the command FAULT?. The error queue holds 15 error codes. When it is empty, FAULT? returns 0. The error queue is cleared when power is reset or when the clear command *CLS is entered.

Input Buffer
Calibrator stores all received data in the input buffer. The buffer holds 250 characters. The characters are processed on a first in, first out basis.
10.5 Remote Commands and Error Codes

The following tables list all commands, and their descriptions, that are accepted by the calibrator.

**Table 5: Common Commands**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>*CLS</td>
<td>(Clear status.) Clears the error queue.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*IDN?</td>
<td>Identification query. Returns the manufacturer, model number, and firmware revision level of the Calibrator.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*RST</td>
<td>Resets the calibrator to the power up state.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 6: Calibrator Commands**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DAMP</td>
<td>Turns Damp on or off.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DAMP?</td>
<td>Returns if DAMP is on/off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DISPLAY</td>
<td>Turns on/off the displays specified in the command</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DISPLAY?</td>
<td>Returns which displays are on/off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAULT?</td>
<td>Returns the most recent error code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERROR_LOOP</td>
<td>Turns loop power on or off in percent error mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERROR_LOOP?</td>
<td>Returns the current state of loop power in error mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERROR_MODE</td>
<td>Turns percent error mode on or off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERROR_MODE?</td>
<td>Returns whether percent error mode is on or off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERROR_PORT</td>
<td>Set the pressure port for percent error mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERROR_PORT?</td>
<td>Returns the pressure port for percent error mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FUNC</td>
<td>Sets the display mode as specified in the command</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FUNC?</td>
<td>Returns the current mode of the upper, middle, and lower display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HI_ERR</td>
<td>Sets the 100% of span limit for percent error mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HI_ERR?</td>
<td>Returns the 100% of span limit for percent error mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOCAL</td>
<td>Returns user to manual operation of the calibrator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOCKOUT</td>
<td>Locks out the keypad of the calibrator in remote operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LO_ERR</td>
<td>Sets the 0% of span limit for percent error mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LO_ERR</td>
<td>Returns the 0% of span limit for percent error mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRES_UNIT</td>
<td>Set the pressure unit for the indicated display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRES_UNIT?</td>
<td>Returns the pressure from the indicated display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REMOTE</td>
<td>Puts the calibrator in remote mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ST_START</td>
<td>Starts a switch test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ST_OPEN?</td>
<td>Returns pressure value at which the switch opened</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ST_CLOSE?</td>
<td>Returns pressure value at which the switch closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ST_DEAD?</td>
<td>Returns pressure value of the deadband of the switch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Command</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VAL?</td>
<td>Returns the measured values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZERO_MEAS</td>
<td>Zeros the pressure module</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZERO_MEAS?</td>
<td>Returns the zero offset of the pressure module</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 7: Parameter units

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MA</td>
<td>milliamps of current</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V</td>
<td>Voltage in volts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSI</td>
<td>Pressure in pounds per square-inch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INH2O4C</td>
<td>Pressure in inches of water at 4°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INH2O20C</td>
<td>Pressure in inches of water at 20°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMH2O4C</td>
<td>Pressure in centimeters of water at 4°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMH2O20C</td>
<td>Pressure in centimeters of water at 20°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FTH2O60F</td>
<td>Pressure in feet of water at 60°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BAR</td>
<td>Pressure in bars</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MBAR</td>
<td>Pressure in millibars</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KPAL</td>
<td>Pressure in kiloPascals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INHG</td>
<td>Pressure in inches of mercury at 0°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MMHG</td>
<td>Pressure in millimeters of mercury at 0°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KG/CM2</td>
<td>Pressure in kilograms per square-centimeter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>Turn something on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>Turn something off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UPPER</td>
<td>Upper Display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MIDDLE</td>
<td>Middle Display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOWER</td>
<td>Lower Display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DCI</td>
<td>Current measure function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DCI_LOOP</td>
<td>Current measure function with loop power</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DCV</td>
<td>Voltage measure function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P1</td>
<td>Port P1 pressure measure function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P1_ST</td>
<td>Switch Test with port P1 pressure measure function</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 8: Error Codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Error Number</th>
<th>Error Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>A non-numeric entry was received where it should be a numeric entry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101</td>
<td>Too many digits entered</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>102</td>
<td>Invalid units or parameter value received</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>103</td>
<td>Entry is above the upper limit of the allowable range</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>104</td>
<td>Entry is below the lower limit of the allowable range</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>105</td>
<td>A required command parameter was missing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>106</td>
<td>An invalid command parameter was received</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>107</td>
<td>Pressure not selected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>108</td>
<td>Invalid sensor type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>109</td>
<td>Pressure module not connected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110</td>
<td>An unknown command was received</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>111</td>
<td>Bad Parameter received</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>112</td>
<td>The serial input buffer overflowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>113</td>
<td>Too many entries in the command line</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>114</td>
<td>The serial output buffer overflowed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 10.6 Entering Commands

Commands for the calibrator may be entered in upper or lower case. There is at least one space required between the command and parameter, all other spaces are optional. Almost all commands for the calibrator are sequential; any overlapped commands will be indicated as such. This section will briefly explain each of the commands and describe their general use, which will include any parameters that may be entered with the command as well as what the output of the command is.

#### 10.6.1 Common Commands

*CLS

Clears the error queue. Also terminates all pending operations. When writing programs, use before each procedure to avoid buffer overflow.

*IDN?

Returns the manufacturer, model number, and firmware revision of the Calibrator. For example:
10.6.2 Calibrator Commands

DAMP
Turns the dampening function on or off.
For example:
    If you send DAMP ON this will turn the dampening function on.

DAMP?
Returns the current state of the dampening function.
For example:
    If you send DAMP?  It will return ON if the dampening function is on.

DISPLAY
Turns the indicated display on or off.
For example:
    If you send DISPLAY LOWER, ON this will turn the lower display on.

DISPLAY?
Returns the current state of the each of the displays.
For example:
    If you send DISPLAY?  It will return ON, ON, ON  if the all the displays are on.

FAULT?
Returns the error code number of an error that has occurred. The command may be
entered when the previous command did not do what it was meant to do.
For example, if a value for current output is entered that is bigger than the supported
range (0-24mA) FAULT? Would return:
    103 which is the code number for an entry over range.
Refer to the Error Codes table for more information on error code numbers.

ERROR _LOOP
Turns loop power on or off in percent error mode.
For example:
To set loop power on send ERROR_LOOP ON.

ERROR_LOOP?
Returns the current state of loop power in percent error mode.
For example:
   If you send ERROR_LOOP? It will return ON if loop power is on in error mode.

ERROR_MODE
Turns percent error mode on and off.
For example:
   To turn on percent error mode send ERROR_MODE ON.

ERROR_MODE?
Returns the current state of percent error mode.
For example:
   If you send ERROR_MODE? It will return ON if the calibrator is in percent error mode.

ERROR_PORT
Sets the pressure port for percent error.
For example:
   To set the pressure port for percent error to [P1] send ERROR_PORT P1.

ERROR_PORT?
Returns the current pressure port for percent error mode.
For example:
   If you send ERROR_PORT?, it will return P1 if the pressure port in percent error is [P1].

FUNC
Sets the display indicated in argument one to the function indicated in argument 2.
For example:
   To set the lower display to P1 Pressure mode send FUNC LOWER,P1.

FUNC?
Returns the current mode of all displays. For example if the calibrator is set to [P1] ST on the upper display, [P1] on the middle, and the lower display is off,  FUNC? Would return:
ST_P1,P1,NONE

HI_ERR
Sets the 100% point for the percent error mode calculation in the current engineering units.
For example:
   To set the 100% point to 100 psi send HI_ERR 100.

HI_ERR?
Returns the 100% point for the percent error mode calculation.
For example:
   If the 100% point is set to 100 psi, HI_ERR? would return 1.000000E+02, PSI.

LOCAL
Restores the calibrator to local operation if it was in remote mode. Also clears LOCKOUT if the calibrator was in lockout mode.

LOCKOUT
Sending this command sets the lockout state, when the unit is in REMOTE or goes to remote it prohibits use of the keypad completely. The lockout state can only be cleared by sending the LOCAL command.

LO_ERR
Sets the 0% point for the percent error mode calculation in the current engineering units.
For example:
   To set the 0% point to 20 psi send LO_ERR 20.

LO_ERR?
Returns the 0% point for the percent error mode calculation.
For example:
   If the 0% point is set to 20 psi, LO_ERR? would return 2.000000E+01, PSI.

PRES_UNIT
Used to set the pressure unit for the indicated display
For example:
   To set the pressure unit to psi on the lower display send PRES_UNIT LOWER, PSI.
PRES_UNIT?
Returns the pressure unit used when measuring pressure for each of the 3 displays.

REMOTE
Puts the calibrator in remote mode. From the remote mode the user can still use the keypad to get back to local unless the command LOCKOUT was entered before REMOTE. Then the keypad is totally locked out, and the user has to send the LOCAL command to get back to local operation.

ST_START
Starts a switch test.

ST_CLOSE?
Returns the pressure that the switch closed at in the current pressure units.

ST_OPEN?
Returns the pressure that the switch opened at in the current pressure units.

ST_DEAD?
Returns deadband of the switch in the current pressure units.

VAL?
Returns the value of any measurement taking place on the upper and lower display. For example, if the upper display is measuring 5mA, and the lower display is measuring 10V, then VAL? will return:
5.000000E-03, A, 1.000000E+01, V

ZERO_MEAS
Zeroes the attached pressure module. Enter the zeroing value in PSI after the command when zeroing an absolute pressure module.

ZERO_MEAS?
Returns the zero offset or the reference value for absolute pressure modules.
11. Specifications (18 °C to 28 °C unless otherwise noted.)

### General

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Setup Recall</td>
<td>5; last used on power-up</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Temperature</td>
<td>-10 °C to +50 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage Temperature</td>
<td>-20 °C to +60 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power Requirements</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery</td>
<td>6.0 VDC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery Life</td>
<td>Four (4) standard AA cells</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&gt; 25 hours, typical usage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimensions</td>
<td>8.3” H x 3.9” W x 1.8” D (21.082 x 9.906 x 4.572 cm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>1 lb. 4 oz. (0.567 kg)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connectors/Ports</td>
<td>Pressure - one, 1/8” NPT (2 ports on differential models)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BetaPort-P pressure module</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Included Accessories</td>
<td>Soft case, batteries, manual, NIST-traceable certificate, and test leads</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Ranges

| Available Pressure                   | 1 psi, 5 psi, 30, psi, 100 psi, 300 psi          |
| mA                                   | 0 to 24.000 mA                                   |
| Volts                                | 0 to 30.000 VDC                                  |
| Engineering Units                    | psi, bar, mbar, kPa, kgc, cmH2O@4°C, cmH2O@20°C, mmH2O@4°C, mmH2O@20°C, inH2O@4°C, inH2O@20°C, inH2O@60°F, mmHg@0°C, inHg@0°C, ftH2O@4°C, ftH2O@20°C, ftH2O@60°F |

### Accuracy

| Pressure                             | ± 0.05% F.S.                                     |
|                                      | ± 0.075% F.S.                                    |
| mA                                   | ± 0.015% of rdg±0.002mA                          |
| Volts                                | ± 0.015% of reading ± 0.002V                     |

Temperature Effect

No effect on accuracy on all functions from 18°C to 28°C
Add ±0.005% F.S./°C for temps outside of 18°C to 28°C
12. Warranty

Martel Electronics Corporation warrants all products against material defects and workmanship for a period of twelve (12) months after the date of shipment. Problems or defects that arise from misuse or abuse of the instrument are not covered. If any product is to be returned, a “Return Material Authorization” number must be obtained from our Customer Service Department. This number must be indicated on the return package as notice to our Receiving Department to accept the shipment. Any package not so marked will not be accepted and will be returned to the shipper. Martel will not be responsible for damage as a result of poor return packaging. Out of warranty repairs and recalibration will be subject to specific charges. Under no circumstances will Martel Electronics be liable for any device or circumstance beyond the value of the product.

13. Maintenance

13.1 Replacing Batteries

Replace batteries as soon as the battery indicator turns on to avoid false measurements. If the batteries discharge too deeply the BETA 301 will automatically shut down to avoid battery leakage.

Note: Use only AA size alkaline batteries or optional rechargeable battery pack.

13.2 Cleaning the Unit

Warning
To avoid personal injury or damage to the calibrator, use only the specified replacement parts and do not allow water into the case.

Caution
To avoid damaging the plastic lens and case, do not use solvents or abrasive cleansers. Clean the calibrator with a soft cloth dampened with water or water and mild soap.

13.3 Service Center Calibration or Repair

Only qualified service personnel should perform calibration, repairs, or servicing not covered in this manual. If the calibrator fails, check the batteries first, and replace them if needed.

Verify that the calibrator is being operated as explained in this manual. If the calibrator is faulty, call for an RMA number or go to www.martelcorp.com to download an RMA form to return the unit. Be sure to pack the calibrator securely, using the original shipping container if it is available.